Session 7.0 CL Success Story





Launch Failures that Initiated the President's Broad Area Review

Multiple failures across different launch vehicles and contractors

<u>Vehicle</u>	<u>Launch</u>	<u>Spacecraft</u>	Failure Mode
Titan IVA-20	12 Aug 98	NRO	Electrical cable short
Delta III	26 Aug 98	Galaxy 10	Vehicle roll stability
Titan IVB-27/IUS-21	9 Apr 99	DSP-19	IUS Stage separation
Athena II	27 Apr 99	IKONOS	Fairing failure to sep
Titan IVB-32/Centaur-14	30 Apr 99	MILSTAR-3	Centaur guidance s/w
Delta III	4 May 99	ORION-III	RL10-B2 engine

No common hardware or software failures/causes among incidents

Each individual incident considered a small error or oversight that led to total loss of mission

Cost of these failures to various users/customers: over \$3 billion!





Key BAR Observations—Heritage Programs

- Approximately \$20B in assets were at risk on Titan, Atlas and Delta fly-out missions—included critical systems with no spares
- Titan and Inertial Upper Stage (IUS) programs exhibited a premature "going out of business" mindset
- Approach to fly-out systems influenced by EELV anticipation
- System design and process engineering deficiencies played a prominent role in failures and near misses—program management
- Clear authority and accountibility for delivering DoD spacecraft on orbit were (and still are) key to increased mission success
- Maintaining engineering and technical support expertise was (and still is) critical to mission success for these programs
- Given the historical record, satellite constellation planning and budgeting based on 100% launch success was (and still is) unrealistic



Launch BAR Bottom Lines

- Government ensure industry acts to correct causes of recent failures and improve systems engineering and process discipline
- Government establish clear accountability for mission success for fly-out systems and transition to EELV
- Enhance Government industry partnership with needed management, engineering support and emphasis on mission success
- Provide a well-defined, coordinated, disseminated transition plan to EELV
- Government invest to build confidence in EELV reliability with enhancements and increased oversight





Where Heritage Programs Are Today

- Fully recovered from severe launch mishaps—rediscovered many lessons
 - Had lost crucial focus on quality and mission success—responsibilities were unclear
 - Critical program office technical expertise was decayed by cost savings/downsizing
- Implemented over 100 corrective actions from mishap boards and Broad Area Review
- Moved acquisition chain of command from Pentagon to SMC
- Reinvigorated significant mission assurance initiatives by the Aerospace Corporation
- Teamed with AFSPC to give SMC cradle-to-grave responsibility for flight worthiness
- SMC Commander now appoints Mission Director on all AF COCOM missions
- Initiated Operational Safety, Suitability, and Effectiveness Plan—added Chief Engineer
- Enforced "test like you fly" and "clean vehicle shipment" policies to enhance quality
- Implemented contractor employee retention/critical skills through fly-out
- Reinitiated use of Independent Readiness Review Teams/Mission Assurance Teams
- Achieved 22 mission successes (100%) with new SMC/CC Flight Readiness Review





Heritage Mission Successes

22 May 99 Titan IVB-12 NRO (first ever Titan IVB from Vandenberg AFB)

20 Jun 99 Titan IIG-7 NASA QuikSCAT

• 07 Oct 99 Delta II GPS 2R-3 (first Delta GPS launch since 5 Nov 97)

• 12 Dec 99 Titan IIG-8 DMSP F-15 (first Titan DMSP launch since 04 Apr 97)

21 Jan 00 Atlas IIA/MLV-8 DSCS (first Atlas DSCS launch since 24 Oct 97)

08 May 00 Titan IVB-29 IUS DSP-20 (first time for SMC Mission Director)

10 May 00 Delta II GPS 2R-4 (SMC Mission Director)

16 Jul 00 Delta II GPS 2R-5 (SMC Mission Director)

17 Aug 00 Titan IVB-28 NRO

21 Sep 00 Titan IIG-13 NOAA-L

19 Oct 00 Atlas IIA/MLV-9 DSCS (SMC Mission Director)

10 Nov 00 Delta II GPS 2R-6 (SMC Mission Director)

05 Dec 00 Atlas IIAS/MLV-11 NRO

30 Jan 01 Delta II GPS 2R-7 (SMC Mission Director)

• 27 Feb 01 Titan IVB-41 MILSTAR-4 (SMC Mission Director)

18 May 01 Delta II GeoLITE NRO (first NRO Delta II launch)

06 Aug 01 Titan IVB-31 IUS DSP-21 (SMC Mission Director)

08 Sep 01 Atlas IIAS/MLV-10 NRO (first DoD Atlas IIAS from Vandenberg AFB)

05 Oct 01 Titan IVB-34 NRO

10 Oct 01 Atlas IIAS/MLV-12 NRO

15 Jan 02 Titan IVB-38 MILSTAR-5 (SMC Mission Director)

24 Jun 02 Titan IIG-14 NOAA-M



Heritage Launch Best Practices

- Mission Success is the #1 priority
- Take good care of people—they are crucial to mission success
- Treat all spacecraft as precious nationally-critical assets
- Provide clear accountability and responsibility—minimize unnecessary bureaucracy, interfaces, and contracts
- Create environment conducive to problem identification and solving
- Encourage synergy and shared lessons learned across programs
- Hire the best hands-on, space systems smart, hardware/software experts in the Air Force to serve as Program Managers (PMs)
- Empower Aerospace experts as full partners on Government team
- Respect mission success insights/concerns by AF and Aerospace
- Empower Detachments to orchestrate all launch site activities for PM/SPD
- Involve IRRT/MAT up-front & early—address concerns promptly
- Empower launch vehicle contractors as full team partners—trust them to do their job (but verify critical processes)
- Ensure contractor incentives clearly aligned with mission success

